

# DATA STRUCTURE

# DEFINITION

- It is the representation of the logical relationships existing between individual elements of data.
- It is the way of organizing all data, not only the elements stored but also their relationships to each other

# CHARACTERISTICS

- Organization of data
- Accessing methods
- Degree of associativity
- Processing alternatives for information

• ALGORITHM + DATASTRUCTURE = PROGRAM

# TYPES OF DATA STRUCTURE

- PRIMITIVE DATA STRUCTURE

EXAMPLE: ***Integer, float, character, pointer***

- NON –PRIMITIVE DATA STRUCTURE

EXAMPLE: ***Arrays, list, files***

# LIST can be divided into two

- Linear list
- Example : ***stack ,queue,linked list***
- Non –linear list
- Example: ***Graph,Tree***